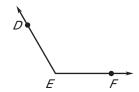
Write three names for the angle shown. Then name the vertex and sides of the angle.

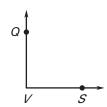
1.



2.



3.



Classify the angle with the given measure as *acute*, *obtuse*, *right*, or *straight*.

4.
$$m \angle A = 115^{\circ}$$

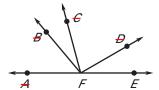
5.
$$m \angle A = 85^{\circ}$$

6.
$$m \angle A = 90^{\circ}$$

7.
$$m \angle A = 170^{\circ}$$

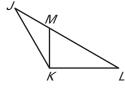
Use a protractor to find the measure of the given angle. Then classify the angle as acute, obtuse, right, or straight.





Show your work! Circle your answer!

Give another name for the angle in the diagram. Tell whether the angle appears to be *acute*, *obtuse*, *right*, or *straight*.

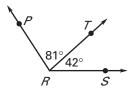


Find the indicated angle measure.

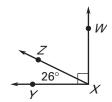
18.
$$m \angle PRS = \underline{\ \ ?}$$

19.
$$m \angle EFG = \underline{\ \ }$$

20.
$$m \angle WXZ = \underline{\ \ }$$



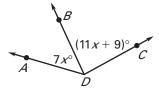


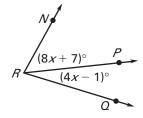


Use the given information to find the indicated angle measure.

21. Given
$$m \angle ADC = 135^{\circ}$$
, find $m \angle BDC$.

22. Given
$$m \angle NRQ = 78^{\circ}$$
, find $m \angle PRQ$.





LESSON 1

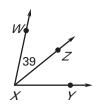
LESSON 1.4

Practice A continued For use with pages 24–34

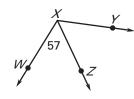
The "!" really should be the

Given that \overrightarrow{XZ} bisects $\angle WXY$, find the two angle measures not given degree symbol. in the diagram.

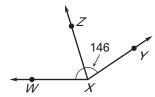
23.



24.

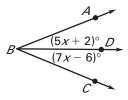


25.

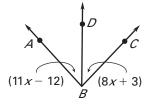


In each diagram, \overrightarrow{BD} bisects $\angle ABC$. Find $m\angle ABC$. Write an equation!

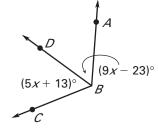
26.



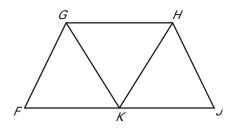
27.



28.



29. Bridge In the bridge shown at the right, the measure of $\angle FGH$ is 116° and \overline{GK} bisects $\angle FGH$. What is the measure of $\angle FGK$?



30. Streets The diagram shows the intersection of three streets. The measure of $\angle MPN$ is 55° and $\angle LPN$ is a right angle. What is the measure of $\angle LPM$?

